Study programme

Part A) of the study programme *

Learning outcomes

Faculty offering t	he field of study:	Faculty of Physics, Astronomy and	
		Informatics	
Field of study:		Physics and Astronomy	
Level of study:		second cycle	
Level of the Polis	h Qualifications Framework:	level 7	
Degree profile:		general academic	
Professional degr	ee awarded to the graduate:	magister	
	e field of study within academic or artistic which learning outcomes for a given field of study	Disciplines: - Physical sciences (60%) - Astronomy (40%)	
		Major discipline: Physical Sciences	
Symbol	Upon completion the graduate achieves th	e learning outcomes specified below:	
	KNOWLEDGE		
K_W01	Has in-depth knowledge of advanced Mathematic solving problems of Physics or Astronomy in the se		
K_W02	Knows advanced experimental, observational and complex physical or astronomical experiment	numerical techniques which allow to plan a	
K_W03	Knows the rules of the functioning of measuring sy area of Physics or Astronomy, or knows advance mathematical Physics or Astronomy		
K_W04	Knows the physical processes occurring in stars medium, has in-depth knowledge of the structure galaxies, and the Universe		
K_W05	Knows the processes occurring in atoms, molecules	, optical phenomena and condensed matter	
K_W06	Has knowledge of contemporary trends in the devel	opment of Physics and Astronomy	
K_W07	Has basic knowledge of economic, legal, ethica activity and teaching, knows the basic rules of copy		
	SKILLS		
K_U01			
K_U02	Is capable of planning and conducting advanced experiments or observations as well as theoretical considerations in particular fields of Physics or Astronomy and their applications		
K_U03	Can critically analyse measurements, observations or theoretical computations, along with evaluations of the results' accuracy		
K_U04			
K_U05 Can find relevant information in specialist literature, both from databases and other sources; c			
	recreate the reasoning or the course of an experime		
	the assumptions and approximations made		
K_U06	Can critically compare model data with experimenta	al or observational data	

K_U07	Can adapt knowledge and methodology of Physics and Astronomy as well as applied
	experimental and theoretical methods to the needs of related scientific disciplines
K_U08	Can see the connections between contemporary studies of the Universe and the development of
	Physics at the fundamental level
K_U09	Can present research findings (experimental, theoretical or numerical) in speech or writing
K_U10	Can efficiently communicate both with specialists and non-specialists in terms of topics relevant
	to the studied field of Physics or Astronomy
K_U11	Can work both independently and as a member of a team, also assuming the leading role; is
	aware of the responsibility for jointly-conducted tasks
K_U12	Can define the directions for further improvement of own skills and knowledge (including self-
	education) within the selected specialisation and beyond it
K_U13	Has language skills in terms of fields of knowledge and disciplines of science relevant to the
	programme studied, in accordance with the requirements stipulated for the B2+ level of the
	Common European Framework of Reference
	SOCIAL COMPETENCES
K_K01	Knows the limitations of own knowledge and skills
K_K02	Appreciates the importance of knowledge in solving practical and cognitive problems,
	understands the need to question experts and authorities
K_K03	Knows and appreciates the importance of intellectual honesty in own actions and the actions of
	other persons; is aware of ethical problems in the context of research reliability (plagiarism or
	duplicate publication, data falsification)
K_K04	Understands the need to popularise the knowledge of Physics and Astronomy, including the most
	recent scientific and technological advances
K_K05	Can formulate opinions related to professional issues as well as opinions on certain topics of
	public interest such as global warming, renewable energy or atomic energy
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Part B) of the study programme

Description of the process resulting in the achievement of learning outcomes

Faculty offering the field of study:	Faculty of Physics, Ast	ronomy and Informatics	
Field of study:	Physics and Astronomy	/	
Level of study:	second cycle		
Level of the Polish Qualifications Framework:	level 7		
Degree profile:	general academic		
Allocation of the field of study within academic or artistic discipline(s), to which	Discipline:		
learning outcomes for a given field of study refer:	- astronomy (409	-	
	- physical science	es (60%)	
	Major discipline: Phy	vsical sciences	
Mode of study:	Full-time programme		
Number of semesters:	4		
Number of ECTS required for the award of qualifications corresponding to th	e 90		
level:			
Total number of teaching hours:	approx.1170		
Professional degree awarded to the graduate:	magister		
The relationship between the study programme and NCU mission and strategy: NCU operational objectives: 2.1.2. Increase in the number of foreign students and therefore corresponding in the number of fields of study in foreign languages 2.1.4. Creating original educational offer in accordance with the idea of the Bor process. 2.2.1.Making educational offer move attractive through unique interdisciplinar and activities related to implementation of the project ,,Excellence Initiative – University": 7. Creating fields of studies and courses in English language, especially in prior research areas and the increase of international cooperation in education area 9. Best candidates admission for doctoral schools and support for PhD student			idea of the Bologna nterdisciplinary studies ace Initiative – Research pecially in priority lucation area
Courses/course modules along wit	h expected learning outco	omes	
Course module Course Expected learning	outcomes	Forms and methods of	Methods of

			teaching ensuring the achievement of learning outcomes	verifying and assessing expected learning outcomes achieved by the student
Obligatory courses	Classical and celestial mechanics Stellar physics Advanced mathematical methods Electrodynamics and field theory Atomic and molecular physics General relativity Quantum optics 1 Astrophysics laboratory Radiative processes in astrophysics Condensed matter physics Physics laboratory Astrohydrodynamics Large-scale Universe From complex chemistry to new physics	 Knowledge Student: knows the basic Newtonian classical mechanics with the focus at the N-body problem and its variants (the planetary problem) knows the kinematics and dynamics with application of the two- body problem in astrophysics (star-planet, binary stars, planet-moon configurations) knows the basic theory of the restricted three body problem and its selected application in astrodynamics, galactic dynamics and planetary systems knows elements of the dynamical systems theory has advanced knowledge of physical processes which determine the stellar structure and govern the stellar evolution knows main stellar types and groups, relates them with different lifetime phases is familiar with contemporary problems of stellar studies has knowledge of mathematical models used in theoretical physics is familiar with selected mathematical methods related to tensor calculus, complex analysis and group theory, and their applications in physics, has knowledge concerning the current trends in the development of mathematical and theoretical physics, has knowledge about electromagnetism and differential equations, which allows him to solve problems in electrostatics, magnetostatics, and electrodynamics, possesses knowledge about the independent-particle approximation (Hartree-Fock method) and its properties is familiar with importance of the electron correlation effects in providing an accurate description of atoms and molecules is acquainted with the basic methods for electron correlation energy calculations like Moller-Plesset perturbation theory, configuration interaction and coupled-cluster methods in both single- and multi- reference versions, has basic knowledge of general theory of relativity (GTR), 	Expository teaching methods: - informative lecture - problem-based lecture - discussion Exploratory teaching methods: - classic problem-solving - experimental - laboratory - project work	Assessment methods: - written examination - oral examination - final knowledge test - activity in classes - activity in project work - reports from results of experiments

knows fundamental effects of GTR and basic cosmological models,
 is familiar with gravitational waves, their characteristics and sources,
 has in-depth knowledge of physics and mathematical methods necessary for solving problems in Quantum Optics,
knows advanced methods of theoretical Quantum Optics,
• is familiar with the processes occurring in atoms, molecules and optical phenomena,
 has knowledge of contemporary tendencies in the development of Quantum Optics and Atomic Physics,
 knows experimental techniques which allows to plan physical and astronomical experiments,
• is familiar with functioning of measuring systems and research equipment specific for particular fields of physics and astrophysics,
 knows the physical processes of how primordial perturbations grow gravitationally to form large-scale structure and galaxies,
 has knowledge of the Lambda CDM model of cosmology and its observational strengths and weaknesses,
 knows and understands the relation of free-licensing of software in relation to the intellectual obligations of scientific understanding, scientific reproducibility, intellectual freedom, universal dissemination of knowledge and non-discrimination in the sense of the International Union of Pure and Applied Physics (IUPAP),
 knows basic physical processes that lead to the emission of astronomical objects,
• understands how the emission of different astronomical objects is created,
 has basic knowledge about acceleration of particles in astronomical objects,
Skills
Student can:
• use parametrisation of the Keplerian orbits, various types of orbital elements, propagation of the initial condition
 use construction of the kinematic merit function for astrophysical observations of binary systems (radial velocities, astrometry, eclipse timing)
• use numerical integration of the equations of motion
deduce information on stars from spectroscopy
has basic skills in simulating stellar structure and evolution
• is able to derive specific physical quantities using some
mathematical models and scientific reasoning,

	 has skills to adapt knowledge and methodology of tensor calculus, complex analysis, group and representation theory to selected topics in physics,
	• can model electromagnetic phenomena,
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 has the basic knowledge about problems related to solving the Schrodinger equation for atomic and molecular systems,
	• is able to make use of the variational principle to obtain optimal approximate solutions for quantum mechanical problems, can apply perturbation expansion to evaluate most important components of the wave function and the energy in the Schrodinger equation
	 is capable of presenting the Hartree-Fock equations and discuss different aspects of the method as a zeroth-order approximation
	 has basic skills in using the second-quantized form of the operators and knows how to apply many-body techniques to derive an explicit form of the equations
	 can demonstrate and analyze different ways of including the effect of electron correlation in description of atoms and molecules, can discuss assumptions underlying the approaches and their properties
	• can introduce and discuss multi-reference generalizations of the standard single-reference methods that are designed to describe quasi-degenerate and open-shell systems,
	• is skilled in tensor calculations,
	• is capable of solving Einstein equations for the simplest highly symmetric cases,
	 can explain the concept of black hole and the simplest cosmological models,
	• can apply the scientific method to problem-solving, drawing conclusions and testing hypothesis,
	 has the skill of performing theoretical considerations in Quantum Optics and Atomic Physics and their applications,
	 can conduct a critical analysis of observations or theoretical computations,
	 can find relevant information in specialist literature, both from databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course of an experiment described in literature, taking into account the assumptions made and approximation,
	 can adapt knowledge, methodology and results of Quantum Optics to the needs of related scientific disciplines,
	 can efficiently communicate both with specialists and non- specialists in terms of the topics relevant to Quantum Optics and

Atomic Physics,	
 can define the directions for further improvement of own skills and knowledge (including self-education) within the selected specialization and beyond, 	
 can apply the scientific method to conducting experiments, drawing conclusions and testing hypothesis, 	
 is capable of planning and conducting advanced experiments in particular fields of Physics, 	
• can conduct a critical analysis of measurements, along with evaluation of the results' accuracy,	
 has the skill of critical comparison of model data with experimental data, 	
 can use and modify the available free-licensed software for numerical modelling of large-scale physical properties of the Universe and of objects in the Universe, 	
 can see how astronomical evidence suggesting the existence of dark matter and dark energy stimulates research in fundamental physics, 	
• is able to explain various types of emission in astronomical objects,	
• can create a simple model to explain given type of emission,	
• is capable to extend his knowledge by reading professional astronomical articles	
Social competences	
Student	
 understands the fundamental links between the mathematical theory and observations understands the significance of the Copernicus revolution is ready to study specialized subjects of astronomy understands the significance of stellar science to all other areas of astronomy understands the need for development of physics underlying the energy generation and transport in stars is aware of numerous unsolved issues knows the limitations of his own knowledge and skills related to mathematical methods and theoretical physics, can formulate his own opinions related to some topics of modern 	
 physics, understands the need for proper popularization of relativity concepts 	
• appreciates the meaning of knowledge in solving practical problems, understands the need to question experts,	
understands significance of astronomical observations as a natural	

		 replacements for some laboratory experiments, especially for those that are impossible to conduct in normal laboratories, understands the need to popularize the knowledge of Astronomy, 		
Elective course module I	Quantum optics 2 Quantum optics laboratory Optoelectronics laboratory Quantum information Statistical physics Biophysics or other from a list published every year on a faculty webpage	 Knowledge: Student: Has in-depth knowledge of advanced Mathematics and mathematical methods necessary for solving problems of Physics in the selected areas, Knows advanced experimental or numerical techniques, which allow to plan a complex physical experiment, Knows the rules of functioning of measuring systems and research equipment specific for the area of Physics Knows advanced methods of theoretical, computational and mathematical Physics, Knows the processes occurring in atoms, molecules, optical phenomena and condensed matter, Has knowledge of contemporary tendencies in the development of Physics. Skills Student: Can apply the scientific method to problem-solving, conducting experiments, drawing conclusions and testing hypothesis, Has the skill of planning and conducting advanced experiments or observations as well as theoretical considerations in particular fields of Physics and their applications, an conduct a critical analysis of measurements or theoretical computations, along with evaluation of the results' accuracy, Can use and modify the available software for numerical modeling of physical phenomena, Can find relevant information in specialist literature, both from databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course of an experiment described in literature, taking into account the assumptions made and approximations, Has the skill of critical comparison of model data with experimental data, Can adapt knowledge and methodology of Physics as well as applied experimental and theoretical methods to the needs of related scientific disciplines, 	Expository teaching methods: - informative lecture - problem-based lecture - discussion Exploratory teaching methods: - classic problem-solving - experimental - laboratory - project work	Assessment methods: - written examination - oral examination - final knowledge test - activity in classes - activity in project work - reports from results of experiments

		 Can present research findings (experimental, theoretical or numerical) in the written or oral form, Can efficiently communicate both with specialists and non-specialists in terms of the topics relevant to the studied field of Physics, Can work both independently and as a member of a team, also taking a leading role, is aware of the responsibility for jointly-conducted tasks, Can define the directions for further improvement of own skills and knowledge (including self-education) within the selected specialization and beyond it, Has language skills in terms of fields of knowledge and disciplines of science relevant to the program studied, in accordance with the requirements set for the B2+ level of the Common European Framework of Reference. Social competences Student: Knows the limitations of own knowledge and skills Appreciates the meaning of knowledge in solving practical and cognitive problems, understands the need to question experts and authorities, Knows and appreciates the importance of intellectual honesty in own and others' actions, is aware of ethical problems in the context of research reliability (plagiarism or duplicate publication, data falsification), Understands the need to popularize the knowledge of Physics including the latest scientific and technological advances, Can formulate opinions related to professional issues, as well as opinions on some topics of public interest, such as the global warming, renewable energy or atomic energy 		
Elective course module II	Astrophysics Galaxies: formation and evolution Physics of planetary systems Theoretical astrophysics laboratory Interstellar medium Astrochemistry and astrobiology or other from a list published	 Knowledge Student: Has in-depth knowledge of advanced Mathematics and mathematical methods necessary for solving problems of Astronomy in the selected areas, Knows advanced observational and numerical techniques, which allow to plan a complex astronomical experiment, Knows the rules of functioning of measuring systems and research equipment specific for the area of Astronomy, Knows advanced methods of theoretical, computational Astronomy, Knows the physical processes occurring in stars and galaxies, interstellar and extragalactic medium, has in-depth knowledge of the structure and evolutions of planetary systems, stars, galaxies, and the Universe, 	Expository teaching methods: - informative lecture - problem-based lecture - discussion Exploratory teaching methods: - classic problem-solving - experimental - laboratory - project work	Assessment methods: - written examination - oral examination - final knowledge test - activity in classes - activity in project work - reports from results of experiments

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every year on a faculty	• Has knowledge of contemporary tendencies in the development of
webpage	Astronomy.
	Skills
	Student:
	• Can apply the scientific method to problem-solving, conducting
	experiments, drawing conclusions and testing hypothesis,
	• Has the skill of planning and conducting advanced observations as
	well as theoretical considerations in particular fields of Astronomy
	and their applications,
	• Can conduct a critical analysis of observations or theoretical
	computations, along with evaluation of the results' accuracy,
	Can use and modify the available software for numerical modeling
	of astrophysical objects
	• Can find relevant information in specialist literature, both from
	databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course
	of an experiment described in literature, taking into account the
	assumptions made and approximations,
	Has the skill of critical comparison of model data with experimental
	or observational data,
	Can adapt knowledge and methodology of Astronomy as well as
	applied experimental and theoretical methods to the needs of related
	scientific disciplines,
	• Can see the connections between contemporary studies of the
	Universe and the development of Physics at the fundamental level,
	• Can present research findings (experimental, theoretical or
	numerical) in the written or oral form,
	• Can efficiently communicate both with specialists and non-
	specialists in terms of the topics relevant to the studied field of
	Astronomy,
	• Can work both independently and as a member of a team, also taking
	a leading role, is aware of the responsibility for jointly-conducted
	tasks,
	• Can define the directions for further improvement of own skills and
	knowledge (including self-education) within the selected
	specialization and beyond it,
	• Has language skills in terms of fields of knowledge and disciplines
	of science relevant to the program studied, in accordance with the
	requirements set for the B2+ level of the Common European
	Framework of Reference.
	Social competences
	Student:
	Knows the limitations of own knowledge and skills
	Appreciates the meaning of knowledge in solving practical and
	cognitive problems, understands the need to question experts and
	authorities

		 Knows and appreciates the importance of intellectual honesty in own and others' actions, is aware of ethical problems in the context of research reliability (plagiarism or duplicate publication, data falsification) Understands the need to popularize the knowledge of Astronomy, including the latest scientific and technological advances Can formulate opinions related to professional issues, as well as opinions on some topics of public interest, such as the global warming, renewable energy or atomic energy 		
University-wide courses	University-wide courses (from a list of courses)	 Knowledge Student: Has basic knowledge of economical, legal, ethical and other conditions related to scientific and didactic activity Knows and understands the basic terms and rules of copyrights Skills Student: Can adapt knowledge and methodology of Physics and Astronomy as well as applied experimental and theoretical methods to the needs of related scientific disciplines Can define the directions for further improvement of own skills and knowledge (including self-education) within the selected specialization and beyond it Has language skills in terms of fields of knowledge and disciplines of science relevant to the program studied, in accordance with the requirements set for the B2+ level of the Common European Framework of Reference Social competences Student: Knows the limitations of own knowledge and skills Can formulate opinions related to professional issues, as well as opinions on some topics of public interest, such as the global warming, renewable energy or atomic energy 	In agreement with subject description	In agreement with subject description
Monographic lectures	Monographic lectures (from a list of courses)	 Knowledge Student: Knows the physical processes occurring in stars and galaxies, interstellar and extragalactic medium, has in-depth knowledge of the structure and evolutions of planetary systems, stars, galaxies, and the Universe Knows the processes occurring in atoms, molecules, optical phenomena and condensed matter Has knowledge of contemporary tendencies in the development of Physics and Astronomy Skills 	Expository teaching methods: - informative lecture - problem-based lecture - discussion	Assessment methods: - written examination - oral examination - final knowledge test

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Diploma project	Diploma proseminar Diploma seminar	 Student: Can find relevant information in specialist literature, both from databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course of an experiment described in literature, taking into account the assumptions made and approximations Has the skill of critical comparison of model data with experimental or observational data Can see the connections between contemporary studies of the Universe and the development of Physics at the fundamental level Social competences Student: Knows the limitations of own knowledge and skills Appreciates the meaning of knowledge in solving practical and cognitive problems, understands the need to question experts and authorities Understands the need to popularize the knowledge of Physics and Astronomy, including the latest scientific and technological advances Can formulate opinions related to professional issues, as well as opinions on some topics of public interest, such as the global warming, renewable energy or atomic energy 	Expository teaching methods: - informative lecture	Assessment methods:
	Diploma seminar Master thesis	 Has knowledge of contemporary tendencies in the development of Physics and Astronomy Has basic knowledge of economical, legal, ethical and other conditions related to scientific and didactic activity Knows and understands the basic terms and rules of copyrights Skills Student: Can apply the scientific method to problem-solving, conducting experiments, drawing conclusions and testing hypothesis Has the skill of planning and conducting advanced experiments or observations as well as theoretical considerations in particular fields of Physics or Astronomy and their applications Can conduct a critical analysis of measurements, observations or theoretical computations, along with evaluation of the results' accuracy Can use and modify the available software for numerical modeling of astrophysical objects or physical phenomena Can find relevant information in specialist literature, both from databases and other sources; can recreate the reasoning or the course 	 - informative lecture - problem-based lecture - discussion - presentation 	 written examination oral examination quality and correctness of presentation
l		of an experiment described in literature, taking into account the		

· · ·								
	assumptions made and approximations							
	• Has the skill of critical comparison of model data with experimental							
	or observational data							
	• Can adapt knowledge and methodology of Physics and Astronomy							
	as well as applied experimental and theoretical methods to the needs of related scientific disciplines							
	 Can see the connections between contemporary studies of the 							
	• Can see the connections between contemporary studies of the Universe and the development of Physics at the fundamental level							
	 Can present research findings (experimental, theoretical or 							
	numerical) in the written or oral form							
	• Can efficiently communicate both with specialists and non-							
	specialists in terms of the topics relevant to the studied field of							
	Physics or Astronomy							
	• Can define the directions for further improvement of own skills and							
	knowledge (including self-education) within the selected							
	specialization and beyond it							
	• Has language skills in terms of fields of knowledge and disciplines							
	of science relevant to the program studied, in accordance with the							
	requirements set for the B2+ level of the Common European Framework of Reference							
	Framework of Reference							
	Social competences							
	Student:							
	• Knows the limitations of own knowledge and skills							
	Appreciates the meaning of knowledge in solving practical and							
	cognitive problems, understands the need to question experts and							
	authorities							
	• Knows and appreciates the importance of intellectual honesty in							
	own and others' actions, is aware of ethical problems in the context							
	of research reliability (plagiarism or duplicate publication, data							
	falsification)Understands the need to popularize the knowledge of Physics and							
	Onderstands the need to popularize the knowledge of Physics and Astronomy, including the latest scientific and technological							
	advances							
	 Can formulate opinions related to professional issues, as well as 							
	opinions on some topics of public interest, such as the global							
	warming, renewable energy or atomic energy							
Foreign language								
classes								
	Internships**							
Duration of								
internships	Not applicable							
Form of internships								
L								

Rules of internships								
		Detailed	allocation of ECT	S credits				
Academic or artistic disciplin	nes, to which learning outcor	nes refer:						
		Artistic or acad		ECTS credits				
						I	number	%
1.	Astronomy	Astronomy					48	40
2.	Physical sciences						72	60
Course modules	Course Storedits		No of ECTS credits in the discipline: (enter names of disciplines)****			No of ECTS credits for elective courses	No of ECTS credits obtained by the student in classes conducted with direct contact with the teacher or tutor	No of ECTS credits obtained by the student as a result of: courses related to academic activity within a discipline or disciplines, to which the field of study is assigned *****/ courses focused on training practical skills ******
		2	astronomy	Physical sciences	Social and humanities sciences			
Obligatory courses	Classical and celestial mechanics	5	5				2,5	3
	Stellar physics	5	5				2,5	3
	Advanced mathematical methods	6		6			3	2
	Electrodynamics and field theory	6		6			3	2

	Atomic and molecular physics	5		5		2,5	2,5
	General relativity	6		6		3	2
	Quantum optics 1	5		5		2,5	3
	High-energy astrophysics	3	3			1,5	2
	Condensed matter physics	3		3		1,5	1,5
	Physics laboratory	5		5		3	2,5
	Astrohydrodynamics	4	4			2	2
	Large-scale Universe	3	3			1,5	1,5
	From complex chemistry to new physics	4		4		2	2
Summary for obligatory courses		60	20	40		30,5	29
Elective course module I	Quantum optics 2	5		5	5	2,5	4
	Quantum optics laboratory	5		5	5	3,5	4
	Optoelectronics laboratory	5		5	5	3,5	4
	Quantum information	3		3	3	1,5	2
	Statistical physics	5		5	5	2,5	2
	Biophysics	5		5	5	2,5	3
Elective course module II	Introduction to astrophysics ¹	3	3		3	1,5	1
	Galaxies: formation and evolution	5	5		5	2,5	2,5

¹ Not for BSc in astronomy

	Physics of planetary	5	5			5	2,5	3
	systems							
	Theoretical astrophysics laboratory 1	3	3			3	2	2
	Theoretical astrophysics laboratory 2	3	3			3	2	2
	Theoretical astrophysics laboratory 3	3	3			3	2	2
	Astrochemistry and astrobiology	3	3			3	1,5	1,5
Summary for elective course modules		18	0-18 ²	0-18 ¹		18	11,5	10
Astrophysics laboratory (elective, 3 ECTS)	Optical astrophysics laboratory	3	3			3	2	2
	Radioastronomy laboratory	3	3			3	2	2
University-wide courses	University-wide courses (from a list of courses)	9			9	9	5	0
Monographic lectures	Monographic lectures (from a list of courses)	6	0-61	0-61		6	3	6
Diploma project and/or diploma examination	Diploma proseminar	2	0-21	0-21			1	2
	Diploma seminar	2	1	1			1	2
	Master thesis	20	10	10		20	6,5	20
IN TOTAL:		120	47	64	9	56	60,5	71
		100%	39,2%	53,3%	7,5%	46,7%	50,4%	59,2%

² The score depends on a particular path of courses chosen.

* the description of a course sylabus is attached to the study programme

This study programme is effective as of winter semester of the academic year 2020/2021.